JS 9/25/21 RJA 2/16/22

# **Ecotox Report for Case # P-18-0221**

#### General

Report Status: Complete Status 11/14/2018 CRSS Date: 07/02/2018 Date: **SAT Date:** 07/03/2018 SAT Doritza Chair: Pagan-Rodriguez Consolidated N Consolidated Set: PMN: **Ecotox** Related Cases: **Health Related** Cases: Submitter: Georgia-Pacific Chemicals CAS Number: None Chemical Name: Use: Binder for manufacturing wood panels. This is a Sustainable Futures Submission. Trade Name: None PV-max(kg/yr): Ecotox Nguyen, Assessor: Amelia

## **Fate Summary**

#### **Statement**

log
Fish BAF = -0.05 (1) (E)
POTW removal (%) = 90 via sorption and biodeg
Time for complete ultimate aerobic biodeg = wk-mo
Sorption to
soils/sediments = strong
PBT Potential: P1-2B1
\*CEB FATE: Migration
to ground water = slow
Bioconcentration factor to be put into E-FAST:
3

#### **Physical Chemical**

#### **Information**

```
Molecular
       Weight:
   Wt\% < 500:
                                   Wt\% < 1000:
       Physical Liquid
   State - Neat:
       Melting
                                         Melting
         Point:
                                      Point (est):
            MP NaN °C
         (EPI): (Exp.) 349.8399963378906 °C (Est., Joback) 227.20977783203125 °C (Est.,
               Gold) 251.73580932617188 °C (Est., Selected)
         Vapor
                                          Vapor < 0.000001
      Pressure:
                                   Pressure (est):
      VP (EPI): NaN mmHg (Exp.) 2.624746017385216E-18 Pa
               (Est., Antoine) 1.968726854821572E-20 mmHg (Est., Antoine)
               5.4965977119440404E-14 Pa (Est., Grain) 4.1227987218493876E-16
               mmHg
               (Est., Grain) 3.1544808739032587E-10 Pa (Est., Mackay)
               2.3660617706779517E-12 mmHg (Est., Mackay) 5.4965977119440404E-14
               (Est., Selected) 4.1227987218493876E-16 mmHg (Est., Selected)
               1.614052442435311E-11 Pa (Est., SubCooled) 1.2106422364165786E-13
               mmHg
               (Est., SubCooled)
         Water
                           Water Solubility (est): 1000
     Solubility:
         Water NaN (Exp.) 12435.607421875
Solubility (EPI): (Est.)
 Henry's Law:: NaN atm-m3/mole (Exp.)
               3.920280656534705E-29 atm-m3/mole (Est., Bond) 8.288105323591534E-
               atm-m3/mole (Est., Group)
```

 Log
 NaN
 Log
 2.302585092994046

 Koc:
 Koc (EPI): (Est., log(MCI)) -3.5065579196717236

 (Est., log(Kow))
 10.0 L/kg (Est., MCI)
 0.029999999329447746 L/kg

 (Est., Kow)
 Log
 NaN (Exp.) -0.81

 Kow:
 Kow (EPI): (Est.)

 Log Kow
 Comment:

### **SAT Concern Level**

Ecotox 1
Rating (1):
Ecotox
Rating Comment
(1):
Ecotox Rating
(2):
Ecotox
Rating Comment
(2):
Ecotox Route of No releases to
Exposure: water

#### **Ecotox Comments**

Exposure Y
Based Review
(Eco):
Ecotox
Comments:
Exposure Based
Testing:

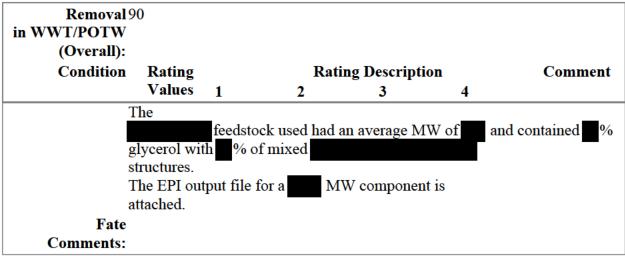
## **PBT Ratings**

Persistence	Bioaccumulation	Toxicity	Comments
1-2	3		

## **Eco-Toxicity Comment:**

## **Fate Ratings**

Removal	90					
in WWT/POTW						
(Overall):						~
Condition	Rating		_	Description	_	Comment
	Values	1	2	3	4	
Fish BCF:	3.16 L/kg					
I ELLDOE	wet-wt					
Log Fish BCF:	NaN (Exp.) 0.5 (Est.)					
WWT/POTW	1-3	Low	Moderate	Strong	V. Strong	
Sorption:	1-3	LOW	Moderate	Suong	v. Strong	
WWT/POTW	4	Extensive	Moderate	Low	Negligible	
Stripping:	-				-6-6-4	
Biodegradation	2-3	Unknown	High	Moderate	Negligible	
Removal:			-		- <b>-</b>	
Biodegradation	2-3	Unknown	Complete	Partial	_	
<b>Destruction:</b>						
Aerobic Biodeg	2-3	<= Days	Weeks	Months	> Months	
Ult:			XX7 1	M 4	S.M. 41	
Aerobic Biodeg Prim:		<= Dava	Weeks	Months	> Months	
Anaerobic	4	Days <=	Weeks	Months	> Months	
Biodeg Ult:	4	Days	WEEKS	Monus	/ Iviolitiis	
Anaerobic		<=	Weeks	Months	> Months	
Biodeg Prim:		Days	VV COILS	1,10111115	1,10111115	
Hydrolysis (t1/2		<=	Hours	Days	>= Months	
at pH		Minutes		•		
7,25C) A:						
Hydrolysis (t1/2		<=	Hours	Days	>= Months	
at pH		Minutes				
7,25C) B:	2	<b>1</b> 7	C4	M - 1 4 -	T	
Sorption to Soils/Sediments:	2	V. Strong	Strong	Moderate	Low	
Migration to	2	Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
Ground Water:	2	11051151010	D10 W	moderate	rupiu	
Photolysis A,		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
Direct:		<i>U U</i>			1 "	
Photolysis B,		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
<b>Indirect:</b>						
Atmospheric Ox		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
A, OH:			~			
Atmospheric Ox		Negligible	Slow	Moderate	Rapid	
B, O3:						
<b>Bio Comments:</b>						



# **Ecotoxicity**

## Values

Test organism	Test	Test Endpoint	Predicted	Experimental Comments		
	Type					
Fish	96 <b>-</b> h	LC50	>100	Est. for both		
				and		
				MW		
				oligomers		
Daphnid	48 <b>-h</b>	LC50	>100	"		
				"		
Green Algae	96-h	EC50	>100	"		
				"		
Fish	-	Chronic	>10	"		
		Value		"		
Daphnid	-	Chronic Value	>10	"		
_				"		
Green Algae	-	Chronic Value	>10	"		
				"		
Ecotox Value Predictions are based on QSARs for esters and						
Comments:		a	nd MW;	ECOSAR V2.0); MW with		
<500 and $<$ 1000; Log Kow = -1.56 (P, MW), -1.67 (P,						
	$\overline{MW}$ ); liquid with an unknown MP (P); S = 1E+6 $\overline{(P, 492 \text{ and } 836 \text{ MW})}$ ;					
	effective concentrations based on 100% active ingredients and mean					
	measured concentraitons; hardness <150 mg/L as CaCO3; and TOC <2.0					
11	ng/L.					

## **Ecotox Factors**

Factors	Most	Assessment	CoC	Comment	
	Sensitive	Factor			
	Endpoint				

Factors	Most Sensitive Endpoint	Assessment Factor	СоС	Comment
Acute Aquatic (ppb):	100000	5	20000	The acute COC is based on the fish or aquatic invertebrate L/EC50 value.
Chronic Aquatic(ppb):	10000	10	1000	The chronic COC is based on the chronic toxicity value from fish, aquatic invertebrates, or algae.
Factors	Va	lues	Comments	

Factors Values Comments

**SARs:** Nonionic Polymers

SAR Class: Polymers-nonionic-low

MW-esters-

vinyl/allyl/propargyl ethers

TSCA

NCC Category? Esters

Recommended None.

Testing:

Ecotox Factors Environmental

Comments: Hazard: Environmental hazard is relevant to whether a new chemical substance is likely to present unreasonable risk because the significance of the risk is dependent upon both the hazard (or toxicity) of the chemical substance and the extent of exposure to the substance. EPA estimated environmental hazard of this new chemical substance using the Ecological Structure Activity Relationships (ECOSAR) Predictive Model (https://www.epa.gov/tsca-screening-tools/ecological-structure-activityreleationships-ecosar-predictive-model);

> specifically the QSARs for esters and vinyl/allyl/propargyl ethers and MW; ECOSAR V2.0). Acute toxicity values (assessed using estimated for fish, aquatic invertebrates, and algae are >100 mg/L. Chronic toxicity values estimated for fish, aquatic invertebrates, and algae are >10 mg/L. These toxicity values indicate that the new chemical substance is expected to have low environmental hazard. Application of assessment factors of 5 and 10 to acute and chronic toxicity values, respectively, results in acute and chronic concentrations of concern of 20 mg/L (20,000 ppb) and 1 mg/L (1,000 ppb), respectively.

Environmental Risk: Risks to the environment were evaluated by comparing estimated surface water concentrations with the acute and chronic concentrations of concern. Risks to the environmental

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were not	ıaen	nnea	pased	on	low	nazard.

Comments/Telephone Log

Artifact	Update/Upload Time